Ergebnisorientierung der GAP ab 2021 – zwischen EU-Anspruch und Realität

Online Tagung ELER & Umwelt am 2. + 3. März 2021



Monitoring- und Evaluierungsnetzwerk Deutschland EU-Programme zur ländlichen Entwicklung



Monitoring- und Evaluierungsnetzwerk Deutschland EU-Programme zur ländlichen Entwicklung

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Herzlich willkommen ...

... auf den Internetseiten des Monitoring- und Evaluierungsnetzwerkes Deutschland (MEN-D). Die Internetseite richtet sich an die Akteure, die in das Monitoring und die Evaluierung der Gemeinschaftsaufgabe zur Verbesserung der Agrarstruktur und des Küstenschutzes (GAK) sowie der Programme aus dem Europäischen Landwirtschaftsfonds für die Entwicklung des ländlichen Raums (ELER) in Deutschland eingebunden oder daran interessiert sind.

Sie finden hier Informationen zu Grundlagen und aktuellen Entwicklungen im Bereich Monitoring und Evaluierung.

Weitere Informationen zu den Aufgaben und Zielen von MEN-D und der Arbeit der Geschäftsstelle finden Sie unter Geschäftsstelle.

Einen ersten Überblick über die Arbeit von MEN-D erhalten Sie auch über unseren Flyer.

MEN-D Newsletter 2020

Informationsdienst des Monitoring- und Evaluierungsnetzwerkes

Herzlich willkommen zur 22. Ausgabe des MEN-D Newsletters

Sehr geehrte Leserinnen und Leser!

Wir freuen uns, Ihnen heute als Geschäftsstelle des Nationalen Monitoring und Evaluierungsnetzwerks Deutschland (MEN-D) die neueste Ausgabe unseres Newsletters übersenden zu können

Alle aktuellen Informationen finden Sie wie immer auch online unter www.men-d.de.

Einen erfolgreichen Jahresabschluss und viel Spaß bei der Lektüre wünscht Ihnen das Team der MEN-D Geschäftsstelle! Monitoring- und Evaluierungsnetzwerk Deutschland EU-Programme zur ländlichen Entwicklung

Hinweise zur Erstellung des erweiterten jährlichen Durchführungsberichts 2019

MEN-D Arbeitspapier

14.11.2018 | endg.



Hinweise zur Erstellung des erweiterten jährlichen Durchführungsberichts 2019

MEN-D Arbeitspapier

Hintergrund

Die Hinweise zur Erstellung der erweiterten Jahresberichte wurden erstmals für den Bericht 2017 (AIR 2017) durch MEN-D erstellt. Hintergrund hierfür waren Gespräche mit den für den ELER zuständigen Verwaltungsbehörden auf Länderebene. Ein Ergebnis der Diskussionen war der Bedarf der Verwaltungsbehörden an mehr Informationen in Bezug auf die beiden erweiterten jährlichen Durchführungsberichte 2017 und 2019. Dabei ging es sowohl um die inhaltliche Ausgestaltung als auch um die Frage des Austausches und der Koordination der Inhalte der Durchführungsberichte zwischen den Verwaltungsberichten.

Aktuelle Praktiken

Im Folgenden finden Sie eine Übersicht zu aktuellen Praktiken der Evaluation ländlicher Entwicklungsmaßnahmen. Zum einen werden länderspezifische Herangehensweisen vorgestellt, zum anderen konkrete Evaluierungsmethoden skizziert.

41/2019 Evaluation der Förderung der Forstwirtschaftlichen Infrastruktur im Rahmen der 5-Länder-Evaluierung

Steckbrief

42/2019 Evaluation der Förderung der waldbaulichen Maßnahmen im Rahmen der 5-Länder-Evaluierung

Steckbrie

43/2019 Maßnahmenübergreifende Akzeptanzuntersuchung in Sachsen

Steckbrief

44/2019 Vertiefende regionale Fallstudien im Rahmen der wissenschaftlichen Begleitung des EPLR Mecklenburg-

Vorpommern

Steckbrief

45/2020 Evaluierung der Förderung investiver Naturschutzvorhaben

Steckbrief

46/2020 Bewertung des Schwerpunktbereichs 4A Biologische Vielfalt im Rahmen der 5-Länder-Evaluierung

Steckbrief

47/2020 MAPP als qualitativer Ansatz bei der Bewertung von Umweltwirkungen ländlicher

Entwicklungsprogramme

Entwicklungsprogramme

Steckbrief

48/2020 Evaluierung der Förderung des ländlichen Wegebaus

Stockhrin

49/2020 EPLR-Videowettbewerb "Das geht auch! ELER-Förderung in Sachsen"

Stockhriet

0/2020 Arbeitshilfen für Wissenstransfer und EIP-AGRI in Form von Leitfäden und Merkblättern in Sachsen

Steckbri

Die Kommission prüft und genehmigt GAP Pläne und begleitet die Umsetzung

Mitgliedstaaten etablieren nationale GAP-Pläne

Analyse des Handlungsbedarfs, Festlegung der Zielwerte und Etappenziele, Interventionsdesign, Verwaltungs-und Koordinierungssystem, basierend auf dem Partnerschaftsprinzip

Begleitung und jährliche Umsetzungsberichte

Zuverlässigkeitserklärung und Ergebnisprüfung



Festlegung des EU-Rechtsrahmens

9 Ziele, gemeinsame Indikatoren, Definition genereller Interventionstypen



Umsetzung nach Maßgabe des GAP-Strategie-Plans

Verbesserung der ökonomischen, sozialen und ökologischen Wirkungen der Politik



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ARTEN VON INTERVENTIONEN

Direktzahlungen

1. Säule

- Grundlegende
 Einkommensunterstützung für
 Nachhaltigkeit -Basisförderung
- Ergänzende Umverteilungseinkommensunterstützung für Nachhaltigkeit (kl. Betriebe)
- Ergänzende
 Einkommensunterstützung für
 Junglandwirte
- Regelungen für das Klima und die Umwelt (Öko-Regelungen)
- Gekoppelte Einkommensunterstützung für bestimmte Sektoren

Ländliche Entwicklung

2. Säule

- Umwelt-, Klima- und andere
 Bewirtschaftungsverpflichtungen
- Gebietsspezifische Benachteiligungen durch verpfl. Anforderungen
- Naturbedingte oder andere gebietsspezifische Benachteiligungen
- Investitionen
- Niederlassung von Junglandwirten und Existenzgründungen in ländlichen Gebieten
- Risikomanagementinstrumente
- Zusammenarbeit
- Wissensaustausch und Information

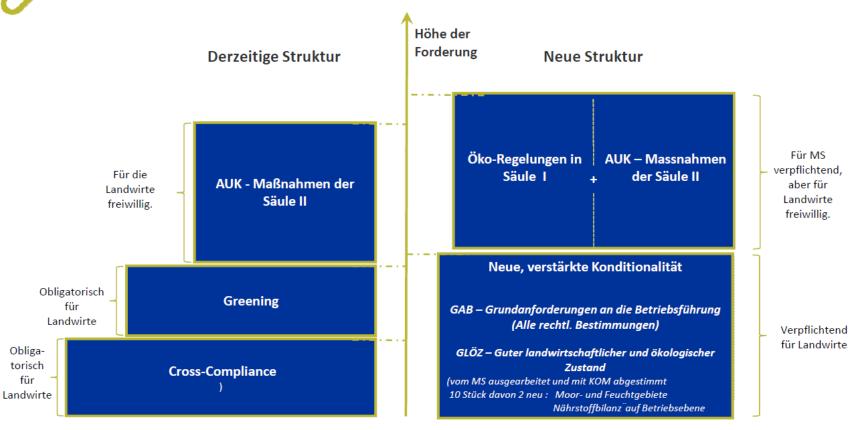
Sektorale Programme

- Obst und Gemüse
- Imkerei
- Wein
- Hopfen
- Olivenöl und Tafeloliven
- Andere Sektoren
- Zur Gewährleistung der Zielerreichung stellen die Mitgliedsstaaten Beratungsdienste bereit, die wirtschaftliche, ökologische und soziale Aspekte abdecken. (Verpflichtende Themen -Teil des GAP-Plans.)





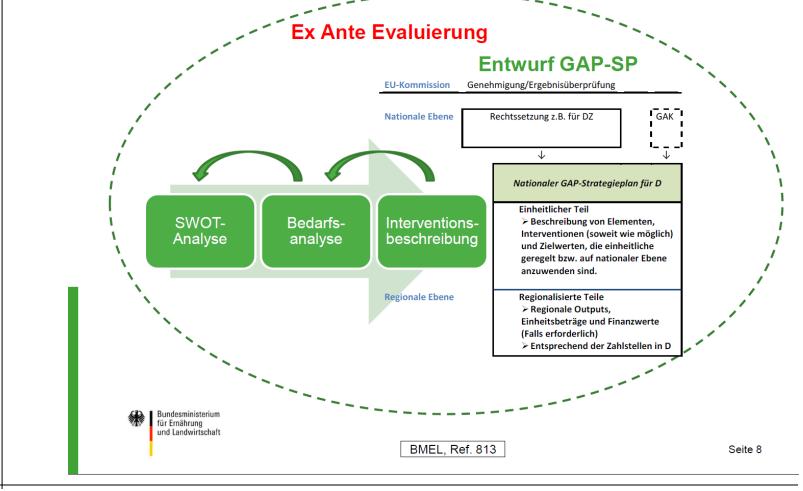
KLIMA UND UMWELT – grüne Architektur







/// Grundvoraussetzungen und zentrale Forderungen









How the future CAP will contribute to the EU Green Deal

UND ELEMENTE

nwelt- und Klimaziele

von Betriebsinhabern, müssen

May 2020 #EUGreenDeal



Die neue grüne Architektur der GAP

Hypothetisches Beispiel für die Umsetzung durch einen Mitgliedstaat



Bringing nature back into our lives

EU 2030 Biodiversity strategy

May 2020 #EUGreenDea



From Farm to Fork:

Our food, our health, our planet, our future

The European Green Deal

May 2020

Moving towards a more healthy and sustainable EU food system, a corner stone of the European Green Deal









return in the food

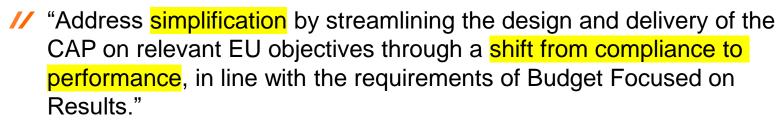
Increase organic farming

healthy, affordable and sustainable food

and preserve biodiversity



/// Ziele Impact Assessment: Modernisation and simplification



"Annex 7 assesses the simplification under the new delivery model, driven by the shift towards performance and a streamlined CAP implementation approach. Simplification of programming and notification procedures, better adaptation to local needs and better coordination of the actions of the two pillars can reduce administrative burden and can also improve the acceptance of the CAP."

"Overlapping in the reporting obligations. The current implementation has allowed Commission services to identify the coexistence of different reporting obligations covering the same or similar information. (...) A future CAP organised under a single CAP Strategic plan and a single set of reporting mechanisms should allow for important simplification in this domain."



Brussels, 1.6.2018 SWD(2018) 301 final

COMMISSION STAFF WORKING DOCUMENT

IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Accompanying the document

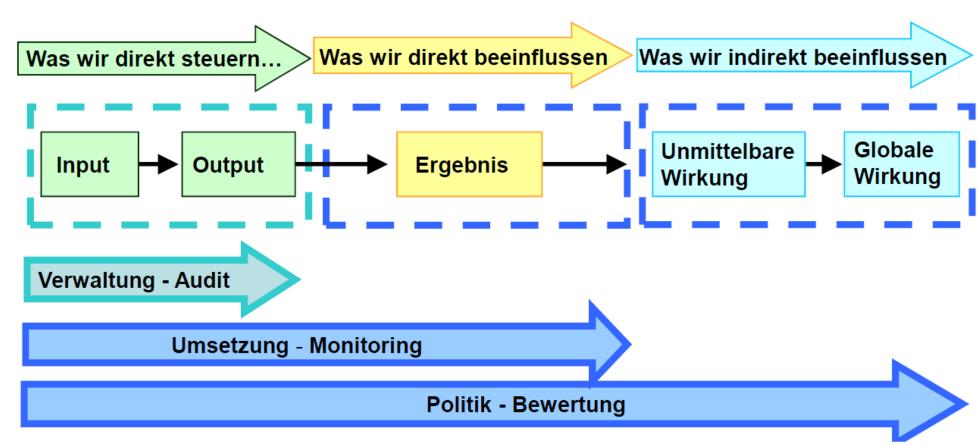
- Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing rules on support for strategic plans to be drawn up by Member States under the Common gricultural policy (CAP Strategic Plans) and financed by the European Agricultural Guarantee Fund (EAGF) and by the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Verlopment (EAGFR) and repealing Regulation (EU), No. 3195/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EU) No. 1307/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Negulation (EU) No. 1307/2013 of the European

 Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the financing, management and monitoring of the common agricultural policy and repealing Regulation (EU) No 1306/2013

Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulations (EU No 1308/2013 establishing a common organisation of the markets in agricultural products, (EU) No 1151/2013 on quality schemes for agricultural products and foodstuffs, (EU) No 251/2014 on the definition, description, presentation, labelling and the motorious of geographical indications of aromatistic white products (EU).

Ergebnisorientierte Politikumsetzung





Umsetzung

Outputindikatoren



Absicherung der GAP

Outputindikatoren geben

Maßnahmen eine Zahl. Sie dienen
dem Zweck, Ausgaben an Output zu
knüpfen. Sie werden für den
jährlichen Leistungsabschluss
verwendet.

Ergebnisindikatoren



Verwaltung der GAP-Pläne

Ergebnisindikatoren geben Maßnahmen einen Zweck. Sie werden zur Zielsetzung in GAP-Plänen und zur Überwachung der Fortschritte bei diesen Zielen verwendet (jährliche Leistungsüberprüfung).

Bewertung der Politik

Wirkungsindikatoren



Politische Leistung der GAP

Wirkungsindikatoren tragen zur Evaluierung der Leistung in Bezug auf allgemeine Ziele bei (Halbzeit- und Ex-post-Evaluierung).



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Agricultural Knowledge and Innovation Systems (AKIS)	Output indicators
European Innovation Partnership	O.1 Number of EIP operational groups
for agricultural knowledge and innovation (EIP)**	O.2 Number of advisors setting up or participating in EIP operational groups

Broad type of intervention	Output indicators (per intervention)
CAP support	O.3 Number of CAP support beneficiaries
	O.4 Number of ha for decoupled DP
	O.5 Number of beneficiaries for decoupled DP
	O.6 Number of ha subject to enhanced income support for
	young farmers
Decoupled direct support	O.6a Number of ha for complementary redistributive income
	<u>support</u> [#]
	O.6b Number of units (ha or livestock units) for eco-schemes ^a
	O.7 Number of beneficiaries subject to enhanced income
	support for young farmers
	O.8 Number of farmers covered by supported risk
	management instruments
Risk management tools	O.8a: Number of mutual funds for agricultural, climate and
	sanitary risk management receiving support under EAFRD (by type of hazards) ^a
	0.9 Number of ha benefitting from coupled support
Coupled support	
	O.10 Number of heads benefitting from coupled support
	O.11 Number of ha receiving ANC top up (3 categories)
Payments for natural constraints	O.12 Number of ha receiving support under Natura 2000 or
and other <u>region specific</u> constraints	the Water Framework Directive
constraints	O.12a: Number of ha receiving support under the Water
	Framework Directive [®] O.13 Number of ha (agricultural) covered by
	environment/climate commitments going beyond mandatory
	requirements
	0.14 Number of ha (forestry) covered by environment/climate
	commitments going beyond mandatory requirements
Payments for management	0.14a: Number of forestry units other than ha covered by
commitments (environment-	environment/climate commitments going beyond mandatory
climate, genetic resources, animal welfare)	requirements ^a
	O.15 Number of ha with support for organic farming
	O.15a Number of units other than ha supported for organic
	farming*
	O.16 Number of livestock units covered by support for animal
	welfare, health or increased biosecurity measures

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Output indicators 1103/0901/10/202019

	O.17 Number of projects supporting genetic resources	
	O.18 Number of supported on-farm productive investments	
	O.18a: Number of supported on-farm non-productive	
	investment operations or units receiving support under	
Investments	EAFRD ^y	
	O.19 Number of supported local infrastructures	
	O.20 Number of supported non-productive investments	
	O.21 Number of off-farm productive investments	
	O.22 Number of farmers receiving installation grants	
	O.23 Number of rural entrepreneurs receiving installation	
Installation grants	grants	
	O.23a: Number of small farms receiving development support	
	under EAFRD#	
	O.24 Number of supported producer groups/organisations	
	O.25 Number of farmers receiving support to participate in EU	
	quality schemes	
Cooperation	O.26 Number of generational renewal projects (young/non-	
Cooperation	young farmers)	
	O.27 Number of local development strategies (LEADER)	
	O.28 Number of other cooperation groups (excluding EIP	
	reported under 0.1)	
	O.29 Number of farmers trained/given advice	
Knowledge exchange and	O.29a Number of plans, studies or awareness actions	
information	supported by EAFRD#	
	O.30 Number of non-farmers trained/given advice	
	0.31 Number of ha under environmental practices (synthesis	
	indicator on physical area covered by conditionality, ELS,	
Horizontal indicators	AECM, forestry measures, organic farming)	
	O.32 Number of ha subject to conditionality (broken down by	
	GAEP practice)	
	O.33 Number of producer organisations setting up an	
	operational fund/program	
	O.34 Number of promotion and information actions, and	
Contacial accounts	market monitoring	
Sectorial programmes	O.34a Number of actions or units supported in the wine	
	sector#	
	O.35 Number of actions for beekeeping	
	preservation/improvement	

^{*}Support to operational Groups under EIP falls under the provisions of cooperation.

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[#] New Indicator proposed by the Council Presidency

MMON RESULT INDICATORS USED FOR REPORTING IN THE APR 03/09/2019COMMON RESULT INDICATORS USED FOR REPORTING IN THE APR 14901/10/2020

FOR REPORTING IN THE APR 01/10/2020

T					
	Code	Result indicators (only based on interventions supported by the CAP)			
	<u>R.1</u>	Enhancing performance through knowledge and innovation	Share of farmers receiving support for advice, training, knowledge exchange, or participation in operational groups to enhance economic, environmental, climate and resource efficiency performance		
	<u>R.2</u>	Linking advice and knowledge systems	Number of advisors integrated within AKIS (compared to total number of farmers)		
	<u>R.3</u>	Digitising agriculture	Share of farmers benefitting from support to precision farming technology through CAP		
	<u>R.4</u>	Linking income support to standards and good practices	Share of UAA covered by income support and subject to conditionality		
	<u>R.5</u>	Risk Management	Share of farms with CAP risk management tools		
	<u>R.6</u>	Redistribution to smaller farms	Percentage additional support per hectare for eligible farms below average farm size (compared to average)		
	<u>R.7</u>	Enhancing support to farms in areas with specific needs	Percentage additional support per hectare in areas with higher needs (compared to average)		
	<u>R.8</u>	Targeting farms in sectors in difficulties	Share of farmers benefitting from coupled support for improving competitiveness, sustainability or quality		
	<u>R.9</u>	Farm modernisation	Share of farmers receiving investment support to restructure and modernise, including to improve resource efficiency		
	<u>R.9a</u>	Promoting internationally EU agri-food products [#]	Number of third country markets targeted with promotion and information actions supported with sectoral types of interventions		
	<u>R.10</u>	Better supply chain organisation	Share of farmers participating in supported Producer Groups, Producer Organisations, local markets, short supply chain circuits and quality schemes		
	<u>R.11</u>	Concentration of supply	Share of value of marketed production by Producer Qs with operational programmes		
	R.12	Adaptation to climate change	Share of agricultural land under commitments to improve climate adaptation		
	<u>R.13</u>	Reducing emissions in the livestock sector	Share of livestock units under support to reduce GHG emissions and/or ammonia, including manure management		
	<u>R.14</u>	Carbon storage in soils and biomass	Share of agricultural land under commitments to reducing emissions, maintaining and/or enhancing carbon storage (permanent grassland, agricultural land in peatland, forest, etc.)		
	<u>R.15</u>	Green energy from agriculture and forestry	Investments in renewable energy production capacity, including bio-based (MW)		
1	R.16	Enhance energy efficiency	Energy savings in agriculture		
	<u>R16a</u>	Investments related to	Share of farms benefitting from CAP investment support		
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COMMON RESULT INDICATORS USED FOR REPORTING IN THE APR-03/09/2019 COMMON RESULT INDICATORS USED FOR REPORTING IN THE APR-14901/10/2020

	climate*	contributing to climate change, mitigation and	
		adaptation, and to renewable energy or biomaterials	
		production	
R.17	Afforested land	Area supported for afforestation and creation of	
		woodland, including agroforestry	
R.17a	Investment support to the	Total investment to improve the performance of the	
	forest sector*	forestry sector	
R.18	Improving soils	Share of agricultural land under management	
11.20		commitments beneficial for soil management	
R.19	Improving air quality	Share of agricultural land under commitments to reduce	
		ammonia emission	
R.20	Protecting water quality	Share of agricultural land under management	
		commitments for water quality	
R.21	Sustainable nutrient	Share of agricultural land under commitments related to	
	management	improved nutrient management	
R.22	Sustainable water use	Share of irrigated land under commitments to improve	
		water balance	
R.22a	Environmental performance in	Share of livestock units (LU) under supported	
	the livestock sector*	commitments to improve environmental sustainability	
R.23	Environment-/climate-related	Share of farmers with support in investments related to	
	performance through	care for the environment or climate	
	investment		
<u>R.23a</u>	Environment-/climate-related	Number of operations contributing to environmental	
	performance through	sustainability, climate mitigation and adaptation goals in	
	investment in rural areas*	<u>rural areas</u>	
<u>R.24</u>	Environmental/climate	Share of farmers receiving support for	
	performance through knowledge	advice/training related to environmental- climate performance	
R.39	Organic farming	Share of Utilised Agricultural Area (UAA) supported by	
11.55	Organic Idilling	the CAP for organic farming maintenance or conversion	
R.25	Supporting sustainable forest	Share of forest land under management commitments to	
<u>K.23</u>	management	support forest land under management commitments to support forest protection and management.	
D.05			
<u>R.26</u>	Protecting forest ecosystems	Share of forest land under management commitments	
		for supporting landscape, biodiversity and ecosystem	
R.27	Preserving habitats and	services Share of agricultural land under management	
15.27	species	commitments supporting biodiversity conservation or	
	species	restoration	
R.27a	Investments related to	Share of farms benefitting from CAP investment support	
	biodiversity [#]	contributing to biodiversity	
R.28	Supporting Natura 2000	Area in Natura 2000 sites under commitments for	
	<u>-</u>	protection, maintenance and restoration	
R.29	Preserving landscape features	Share of agriculture land under commitments for	
		managing landscape features, including hedgerows	
		. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

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<u>R.30</u>	Generational renewal	Number of young farmers setting up a farm with support from the CAP
R.31	Growth and jobs in rural areas	New jobs in supported projects
<u>R.31a</u>	LEADER coverage ⁴	Share of rural population covered by local development strategies
<u>R.32</u>	Developing the rural bioeconomy	Number of bio-economy businesses developed with support
<u>R.33</u>	Digitising the rural economy	Rural population covered by a supported Smart Villages strategy
<u>R.34</u>	Connecting rural Europe	Share of rural population benefitting from improved access to services and infrastructure through CAP support
<u>R.35</u>	Promoting social inclusion	Number of people from minority and/or vulnerable groups benefitting from supported social inclusion projects
<u>R.36</u>	Limiting antibiotic use	Share of livestock units concerned by supported actions to limit the use of antibiotics (prevention/reduction)
R.37	Sustainable pesticide use	Share of agricultural land concerned by supported specific actions which lead to a sustainable use of pesticides in order to reduce risks and impacts of pesticides
R.38	Improving animal welfare	Share of livestock units covered by supported action to improve animal welfare
<u>R.38a</u>	Informing EU citizens on agri- food products*	Number of days with promotion and information actions in the EU supported with sectoral types of interventions

[#] New Indicator proposed by the Presidency

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COMMON RESULT INDICATORS USED FOR REPORTING IN THE APR-03/09/2019COMMON RESULT

INDICATORS USED FOR REPORTING IN THE APR-14901/10/2020

Indicator name	R.1 Enhancing performance through knowledge and innovation: Share			
	farmers receiving support for advice, training, knowledge exchange, or participation in EIP operational groups to enhance economic, social, environmental, climate and resource efficiency performance.			
Label as proposed by	·			
the Presidency	R.1 Enhancing performance through knowledge and innovation: Number of persons benefitting from support for advice, training, knowledge exchange, or participating in EIP operational groups or other cooperation			
	groups/actions.			
Definition and aim	To quantify the coverage of interventions supporting the provision of			
	knowledge, innovation-generation and exchange for agriculture to enhance economic, social, environmental, climate and resource efficient performance, as well as animal health, thus contributing to all specific objectives defined in Article 6 and in particular to the cross-cutting objective on knowledge and innovation in Article 5.			
Types of intervention	Following types of interventions may be concerned, when specific			
concerned	requirements or conditions linked to the intervention can justify it:			
	For Rural Development:			
	 Article 72: Knowledge exchange and information actions 			
	 Article 71: in relation to EIP Operational Group projects in accordant 			
	with Article 114			
	For Sectoral types of interventions:			
	 Advice: Article 43(1)(o) and (p), 43(2)(h) and (k) in the F&V sect Article 60(1)(b) in-hops, olives oil and table olives and 'other se as defined in Article 39 			
	The specific intervention "Experimental production" in the F&V			
	sector (Article 43(1)(b)), or in hops/olive oil and table olives and			
	'other sectors' (Article 60(1)(a))-			
	 For wine sector, Article 52(1) (b) "investments" and (e) "tangible an 			
	intangible investments in innovation for knowledge exchange":			
	 For apiculture, Article 49(1)(a) "technical assistance". Article 49(1)(a) 			
	"actions to rationalise transhumance" and Article 49(1)(f)			
Unit of management	"implementation of research programs"			
Unit of measurement	Number of persons ¹			
Moment of data	Operations for which a first payment (excluding advance payments) to t			
collection	beneficiary was made in the Financial Year concerned.			
Mathadalac	This indicator is cumulative over the period.			
Methodology	Number of <u>persons benefitting</u> <u>beneficiaries of from</u> relevant paid			
	support:			
	The number of <u>persons</u> beneficiaries is cumulated over time			
	The benefitting person beneficiary is accounted at the moment			
	the first payment (although it is a partial payment).			
	- All persons participating in EIP operational groups and			
	knowledge exchange and information actions for which			
	payment was made in the Financial Year concerned are included			

¹ This reflects the changes to Annex I proposed by the Romanian Presidency

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Draft list of Context and Impact indicators for the PMEF

281 November-October 202019

Context and Impact indicators

Impact Indicator Code	Context and Impact indicators					
Population		Indicator			Indicator name	
C.02 C.04 Population density		code	PMEF			
C.03	Population		<u>C.01</u>	C.01	Population numbers	
Total area			C.02	C.04	Population density	
Labour market 1.22			C.03	C.02	Age structure of the population	
Labour market L.22 C.06 C.05 Employment rate	Total area		C.04	C.03	Total area	
C.07 C.07 Unemployment rate			C.05	C.31	Land cover	
C.08 Employment	Labour market	<u>I.22</u>	C.06	C.05	Employment rate	
C.11 By sector By type of region C.13 By economic activity			C.07	C.07	Unemployment rate	
By type of region			C.08		Employment	
C.13 By economic activity				C.11	By sector	
1.23 C.09 C.08 GDP per capita					By type of region	
1.25				C.13	By economic activity	
C.11 Gross value added	Economy	I.23	C.09	C.08	GDP per capita	
C.10 By sector		<u>I.25</u>	C.10	C.09	Poverty rate	
C.10 By type of region In agriculture			C.11		Gross value added	
In agriculture In agricultural holdings (farms)				C.10	By sector	
1.8 R.03_PI For primary producers				C.10	By type of region	
C.12 C.17 Agricultural holdings (farms)					In agriculture	
C.13 C.22 Farm labour force		<u>1.8</u>		R.03_PI	For primary producers	
C.14 C.23 Age structure of farm managers			C.12	C.17	Agricultural holdings (farms)	
C.15 C.24 Agricultural training of farm managers	farmers		C.13	C.22	Farm labour force	
I.21 C.16 New farm managers			C.14	C.23	Age structure of farm managers	
C.17 C.18 Agricultural area			<u>C.15</u>	C.24		
C.18		<u>I.21</u>	C.16		New farm <u>manag</u> ers	
C.19 C.34 Farming in Natura 2000 areas			C.17	C.18	Agricultural area	
C.20 C.32 Areas facing natural and other specific constraints (ANCs) I.20 C.21 Agricultural land covered with landscape features Livestock C.22 C.21 Livestock unitsnumbers C.23 Livestock density Agricultural and farm income I.2 C.25 C.26 Comparison of agricultural income with non-agricultural labour costs C.26 Farm incomenet value added by type of farming by region by farm size in Areas facing natural and other specific constraints C.27 C.28 Gross fixed capital formation in	land		C.18	C.20	Irrigable land	
Specific constraints (ANCs) I.20 C.21 Agricultural land covered with landscape features			C.19	C.34	Farming in Natura 2000 areas	
Livestock			<u>C.20</u>	C.32		
C.23 Livestock density		<u>1.20</u>	<u>C.21</u>			
Agricultural and farm income I.3 C.24 C.25 Agricultural factor income	Livestock		C.22	C.21	Livestock <u>units</u> numbers	
farm income I.2 C.25 C.26 Comparison of agricultural income with non-agricultural labour costs C.26 Farm incoment value added by type of farming by region by farm size in Areas facing natural and other specific constraints C.27 C.28 Gross fixed capital formation in			C.23		Livestock density	
C.26 C.26 Earm incomenet value added by type of farming by region by farm size in Areas facing natural and other specific constraints C.27 C.28 Gross fixed capital formation in		<u>I.3</u>	<u>C.24</u>	C.25	Agricultural factor income	
1.4 by type of farming by region by farm size in Areas facing natural and other specific constraints C.27 C.28 Gross fixed capital formation in	farm income	<u>1.2</u>	<u>C.25</u>	C.26		
by region by farm size in Areas facing natural and other specific constraints C.27 C.28 Gross fixed capital formation in			C.26		Farm incomenet value added	
by farm size in Areas facing natural and other specific constraints C.27 C.28 Gross fixed capital formation in		<u>I.4</u>			by type of farming	
in Areas facing natural and other specific constraints C.27 C.28 Gross fixed capital formation in					by region	
specific constraints C.27 C.28 Gross fixed capital formation in					by farm size	
		<u>1.5</u>				
			<u>C.27</u>	C.28		

Draft-list of Context and Impact indicators for the PMEF

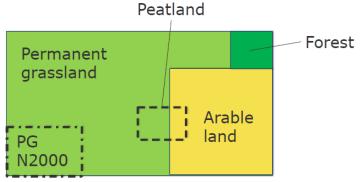
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Agricultural productivity	<u>1.6</u>	<u>C.28</u>	C.27	Total factor productivity in agriculture
		C.29		Labour productivity
			C.14	in agriculture
			C.15	in forestry
			C.16	in the food industry
Agricultural trade	<u>1.7</u>	<u>C.30</u>	1.06	Agricultural imports and exports
Other gainful activities		<u>C.31</u>	C.30	Tourism infrastructure
Farming practices	<u>I.17a</u>	<u>C.32</u>	C.19	Agricultural area under organic farming
		C.33	C.33	Farming intensity
	<u>I.28</u>	<u>C.34</u>	R.09_PI	Value of production under EU quality schemes
Biodiversity	<u>I.18</u>	C.35	C.35	Farmland birds index (FBI)
	<u>I.19</u>	<u>C.36</u>		Percentage of species and habitats of Community interest related to agriculture with stable or increasing trends
Water	<u>I.17</u>	<u>C.37</u>		Water use in agriculture
		C.38		Water quality
	<u>I.15</u>		C.40	Gross nutrient balance - nitrogen.
			C.40	Gross nutrient balance - phosphorus
	<u>I.16</u>			Nitrates in ground water
Soil	I.11	<u>C.39</u>	C.41	Soil organic matter <u>carbon</u> in arable <u>agricultural</u> land
	<u>I.13</u>	C.40	C.42	Soil erosion by water
Energy	I.12	<u>C.41</u>	C.43	Production of renewable energy from agriculture and forestry
		<u>C.42</u>	C.44	Energy use in agriculture, forestry and food industry
Climate	<u>I.10</u>	<u>C.43</u>	C.45	Greenhouse gas emissions from agriculture
	<u>1.9</u>	<u>C.44</u>		Index of farm resilience, Adaptation potential to climate change Agricultural sector resilience progress indicator
		<u>C.45</u>		Direct agricultural loss attributed to disasters
Air	<u>I.14</u>	<u>C.46</u>	C.45	Ammonia emissions from agriculture
Health	<u>I.26</u>	<u>C.47</u>		Antimicrobials sales in food producing animals
	<u>I.27</u>	<u>C.48</u>		Risk and impacts of pesticides
Modernisation	<u>I.1</u>			Share of CAP budget for knowledge sharing and innovation
Fairness	I.24			Distribution of CAP support

Indicators in Annex I of the proposed CAP Strategic Plan Regulation associated to Green Deal targets

Green Deal targets related to the agricultural sector	Impact indicators (as laid down in Annex I) or Context indicators (as envisaged in secondary legislation)	Output and result indicators (as laid down in Annex I)
Reducing by 50% the use and the risk of chemical pesticides by 2030	I.27 Sustainable use of pesticides: reduce risks and impacts of pesticides	R.37 Sustainable pesticide use: share of agricultural land concerned by supported specific actions which lead to a sustainable use of pesticides
Reducing by 50% the use of high-risk pesticides		tiert
Reducing by 50% the sales of antimicrobials for farmed animals and in aquaculture by 2030	1.26 Limiting antibiotic use in agriculture: sales in food producing animals	concerned by supported actions to limit use of antibiotics
Reducing nutrient losses by at least 50% in 2030	1.15 Improving water quality alos nutrient balance on agricultural land	R.21 Sustainable nutrient management: share of agricultural land under commitments related to improved nutrient management
Achieve 25% agricultural area under organic farming by 2030	C.32 Agricultura area under organic farming	O.15 Number of ha with support for organic farming
Completing fast broadband internet access in rural areas reach		R.34 Connecting rural Europe: share of rural population benefitting from improved access to services and infrastructure through CAP support
Increasing land for biodiversity, including agricultural area under high-diversity landscape features	I.20 Enhanced provision of ecosystem services: share of UAA covered with landscape features	R.29 Preserving landscape features: share of agriculture land under commitments for managing landscape features, including hedgerows

Reporting O.4-Ecoscheme, O.13, O.31, O.32, R.4 - Example 2



Livestock farm with permanent grassland, partly located in a Natura 2000 site

Total area: 33 haForest area: 3 ha

• UAA: 30 ha

Arable land: 10 ha crops in annual rotation

 Permanent grassland: 20 ha, of which 5 ha in Natura 2000

 Peatland: 2 ha (0.5 ha arable land and 1.5 ha PG)

· BISS paid on whole UAA

· Ecoscheme organic farming: 30 ha

• Management commitments:

• Peatland minimum water level: 2 ha

• Forestry sustainable management: 3 ha

	c, 0.13, 0.31, 0.3	_,	Example 2
Ind.	Subindicators	Hectares reported	Explanations (MS choice)
0.4	Ecoscheme – Organic farming	30	
0.13	excluding forestry	2	
	Management commitment peatland minimum water level	2	
	Management commitment sustainable forest management	3	
0.31	Subindicator 1 – total agricultural area under environmental practice	30	Whole UAA
	Subindicator 2 – total agricultural area paid for environmental interventions	30	Ecoscheme organic (30ha) + peatland minimum water level (2ha) - no double counting
	Subindicator 3 – total forestry area under environmental practice	3	
0.32	At least one GAEC	30	Whole UAA
	GAEC 1 - maintenance PG	20	Whole PG area
	GAEC 1 - UAA for the ratio	30	Whole UAA
	GAEC 1 - PG ratio (PG/UAA)	n.a.	Not relevant at farm level – aggregated and calculated at MS level
	GAEC 2 wetland and peatland	2	On peatland
	GAEC 3 ban of burning stubble	10	Whole arable land
	GAEC 4 buffer strips	n.a.	No water courses in the farm
	GAEC 5 on FaST	30	Whole UAA
	GAEC 6 reducing soil degradation	n.a.	No risk of degradation in the farm
	GAEC 7 on no bare soil	10	Whole arable land
	GAEC 8 crop rotation	10	Whole arable land
	GAEC 9 total agricultural areas subject to share of non-productive areas	30	Whole UAA
	GAEC 9 - hectares of non productive areas/features	0.5 stone walls 1 - trees	1.5 ha (5 % of UAA)
	GAEC 9 – areas subject to retention of landscape features	n.a.	Applied only to hedges, which are not present in the holding
	GAEC 10 PG in Natura 2000	5	Designated PG in Natura 2000
R.4	To be used for the Numerator	30	Ha under income support and conditionality

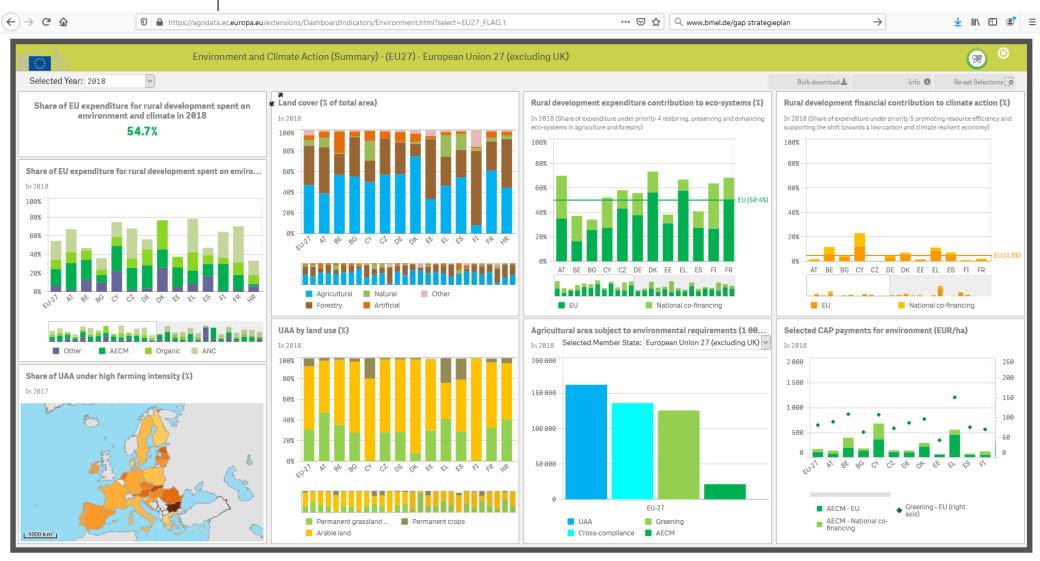


- /// Anforderungen an Indikatoren Fazit
 - Sehr viele Indikatoren auf EU-Ebene keine Verschlankung zum aktuellen Set an Indikatoren.
 - Entkopplung von Monitoring (Output-/Ergebnisindikatoren) von der Evaluierung.
 - // Entkopplung (von Teilen der) Output-Indikatoren von den
 Ergebnisindikatoren (Output="Teil-Anzahl" / Ergebnis = "Voll-Anzahl").
 - Es muss über die Ergebnisindikatoren nicht mehr jeder EURO und CENT erfasst werden! Mehrfachzuordnungen aber wenn es geht vermeiden.
 - ✓ EU-Indikatoren zur Verwendung der GAP-Mittel insgesamt
 - / GAP-SP Indikatoren zur Übersetzung des EU-Rahmens auf die nationale Ebene.
 - Der GAP-SP muss nicht Details der regionalen Ebene abdecken.



Eine Möglichkeit der Verwendung der Daten

MEN-D /// Nicht nur Berichtslegung auch Öffentlichkeitsarbeit





/// Anforderungen an Indikatoren - Fazit

- EU-weite Aggregierbarkeit ist notwendig.
- // Je mehr EU-weite Anwendbarkeit von Ergebnisindikatoren gefordert wird, desto weniger aussagekräftig können diese für einen Mitgliedstaat oder eine Teilregion sein.
- Die Indikatoren müssen praktikabel, d.h. über die IT direkt erhebbar sein. Automatisiert, kontinuierlich.
- Das Monitoring muss mindestens jährlich und automatisiert belastbare, aussagekräftige und glaubhafte Informationen zur Verfügung stellen.

ELER-Förderung der ländlichen Räume 2014–2020 Geplanter Mitteleinsatz der Bundesländer*

Bundesland Mitteleinsatz	ELER-Mittel ¹⁾	nationale Kofinanzierung	zusätzliche nationale Mittel ²⁾	Summe
Baden-Württemberg	710	635	480	1.825
Bayern	1.516	1.116	926	3.558
Brandenburg / Berlin	1.051	295	0	1.346
Hessen	319	182	150	651
Mecklenburg-Vorpommern	937	267	0	1.198
Niedersachsen / Bremen	1.120	306	673	2.299
Nordrhein-Westfalen	618	557	8	1.183
Rheinland-Pfalz	300	221	141	662
Saarland	34	25	0	59
Sachsen	879	260	0	1.139
Sachsen-Anhalt	859	239	98	1.196
Schleswig-Holstein	47	203	248	870
Thüringen	680	199	21	900
Summe	9.442	4.699	2.745	16.886

¹⁾ einschließlich Umschichtung

²⁾ soweit im Rahmen der ELER-Programme ausgewiesen

www.bmel.de @ BMEL (Oktober2015)

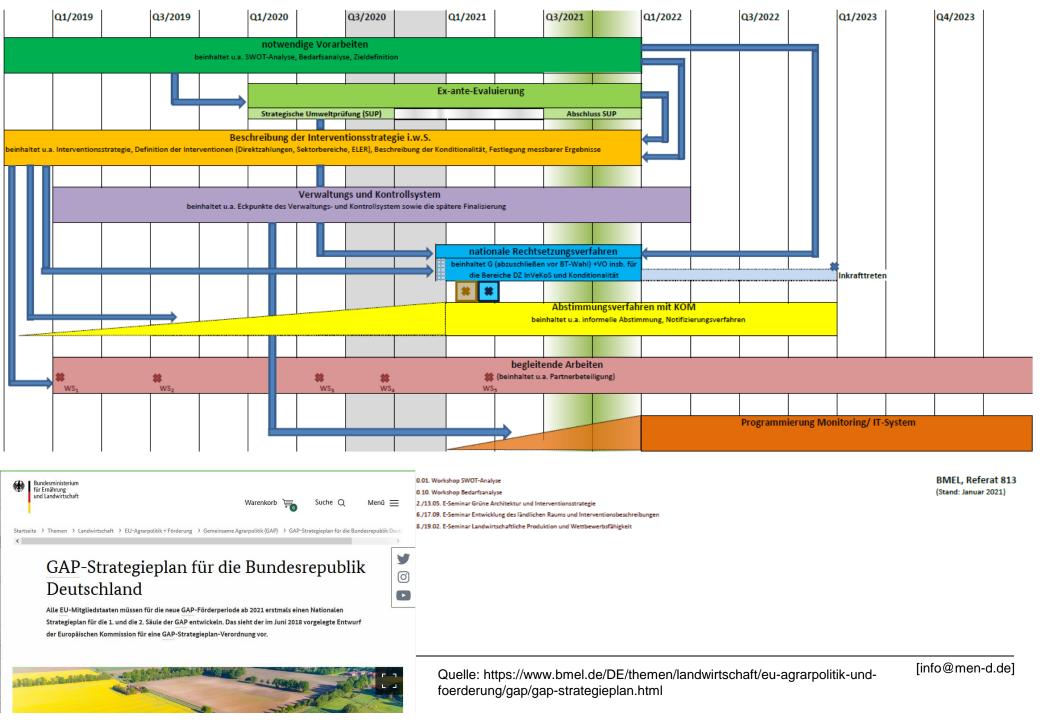


- /// Anforderungen an Indikatoren Fazit
 - Leistungsberichte (aktuell Durchführungsbericht) über SFC, als Schnittstelle MS/EU zur strukturierten Datenübertragung, sind kaum lesbar. Das ist zum Nachweis – nicht zur Information ("Das ist zum Verkauf – nicht zum Verzehr").
 - Es werden nur die Daten erfasst, die auch über die GAP gefördert werden. Das heisst, es gibt noch sehr viel mehr!
 - Belastbarkeit der Daten im Hinterkopf behalten (z.B. Berichterstattung Leistungsreserve aktuelle Förderperiode oder zusätzliche nationale Mittel).
 - // GAP-Monitoring/Leistungsberichterstattung kann somit kein Monitoring sein, dass Deutschland als Ganzes oder einzelne Themen vollständig erfasst wie z.B. Biodiversität oder Entwicklung ländlicher Räume.



Erstellung GAP Strategieplan

- /// Unsicherheiten in der Zeitplanung
 - // EU-Ebene
 - Ende Verhandlungen im Trilog
 - Detailierungsgrad der Interventionsbeschreibung
 - Detailierungsgrad zur Ergebniserzielung (Outputs, Einheitswerte, Ergebnisindikatoren)
 - Datenanforderungen Monitoring und Evaluation
 - Mationale Ebene
 - Gesetzgebungsverfahren 1. Säule inkl. Konditionalitäten und Eco-Schemes mit Auswirkungen auf die 2. Säule der GAP.
 - / Administrative Abwicklung der "Ergebnisorientierung"; z.B. Datenerfassung und Aufbereitung für den einzigen jährlichen Leistungsbericht zum GAP-SP-Plan – IT-Systeme.





Monitoring- und Evaluierungsnetzwerk Deutschland EU-Programme zur ländlichen Entwicklung

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